

Cordial Volterra integral equations of the first kind

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We study the first kind cordial [1,2,5,6] Volterra integral equation

$$\int_0^t \frac{1}{t} \varphi\left(\frac{s}{t}\right) a(t, s) u(s) ds = f(t), \quad 0 < t \leq T, \quad \text{or } V_{\varphi,a} u = f. \quad (1)$$

We assume that $\varphi : (0, 1) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and $a : \Delta_T = \{(t, s) : 0 \leq s \leq t \leq T\} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ satisfy

$$\int_0^1 x^r |\varphi(x)| dx < \infty, \quad \int_0^1 x^r \varphi(x) dx > 0, \quad \int_0^1 x^{r+1}(1-x) |\varphi'(x)| dx < \infty \quad \text{for an } r \in \mathbb{R},$$

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha \varphi(x) + x \varphi'(x) &\geq 0 \quad (0 < x < 1) \quad \text{for an } \alpha < r + 1, \\ a \in C^{m+1}(\Delta_T) \quad &\text{for an } m \geq 0, \quad a(t, t) \neq 0 \quad (0 \leq t \leq T). \end{aligned}$$

For instance, the Abel type integral equations of the first kind belong to this class.

Introduce the space $C^{m,r}$ of functions $u \in C^m(0, T]$ such that $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} t^{k-r} u^{(k)}(t)$ exists for $k = 0, 1, \dots, m$ and $\|u\|_{C^{m,r}} := \max_{0 \leq k \leq m} \sup_{0 < t \leq T} t^{k-r} |u^{(k)}(t)| < \infty$.

Theorem. Under formulated conditions, the inverse $V_{\varphi,a}^{-1} \in \mathcal{L}(C^{m+1,r}, C^{m,r})$ exists. Moreover, $V_{\varphi,a}^{-1} \in \mathcal{L}(C^{m+1}[0, T], C^m[0, T])$ in case $r = 0$.

The proof [5,6] is based on the reduction of (1) to a second kind equation.

The convergence of polynomial and spline collocation methods for equation (1) is treated, cf. [2–4].

References

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